

For Reference Use Only

STANDARD SPECIFICATION

FOR

TOSHIBA MATSUSHITA DISPLAY TECHNOLOGY

TFT-LCD MODULE

LTM10C321W

SPECIFICATION No. :

NR-LTM10C321W-std01

DATE OF ISSUE : 2003-07-03

<Engineering Department to contact as per SPECIFICATION> TV/PC/Monitor-Use Marketing & Engineering Dept. AVC-Use LCD Div. Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology Co.,Ltd. 1-9-2, Hatara-cho, Fukaya-shi, Saitama, 366-0032, JAPAN

Revision History

| Dat | e Sheet (New) | Item | Old | New | Reason |
|-----|---------------|------|-----|-----|--------|
| | | | | | |

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Caution and Handling Precaution

For your end users' safety, it is strongly advised that the items with "*" should be included in the instruction manual of the system which may be issued by your organization.

For Safetv

Warning

1) SPECIAL PURPOSES

- a) Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology's Standard LCD modules have not been customized for operation in extreme environments or for use in applications where performance failures could be life-threatening or otherwise catastrophic.
- b) Since they have not been designed for operation in extreme environments, they must never be used in devices that will be exposed to temperatures above 50 degrees Celsius or below 0 degrees Celsius, to X-ray or Gamma-ray radiation, or to abnormally high levels of vibration or shock which exceed Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology's specification limits.
- c) In addition, since Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology's Standard LCD modules have not been designed for use in applications where performance failures could be life-threatening of catastrophic, they must never be installed in aircraft navigation control systems (such as, but not limited to Traffic Collision Avoidance System and Air Traffic Indicator), in military defense or weapons systems, in critical industrial process-control systems (e.g., those involved in the production of nuclear energy), or in critical medical device or patient life-support systems.

2) ELECTRIC SHOCK

DISCONNECT POWER SUPPLY before handling LCD modules. In order to prevent electric shock, DO NOT TOUCH the electrode part, cables, connectors, and the fluorescent lamp's (hereinafter called "FL") circuit part of a module in which FL tubes are built in as a light source of a backlight or a front light. High voltage is supplied to these parts while power supply is turned on.

3) FL CABLE CONNECTION

Make sure to insert the module FL connector to the inverter connector in correct position and correct polarity. If incorrect, this may cause smoke or burn of electrical parts by high voltage of FL circuit. If there is a possibility that the connector has been inserted incorrectly, re-insert the connector only after you confirm the module and FL power is completely off. When disconnecting the connector, do not pull on the cable.

DO NOT USE the mating FL connector which Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology does not specify. Otherwise, Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology shall not be liable for any damages caused by the connector.

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1)* DISASSEMBLING OR MODIFICATION

DO NOT DISASSEMBLE OR MODIFY the modules.

Sensitive parts inside LCD module may be damaged, and dusts or scratches may mar the displays. Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology does not warrant the modules, if customer disassembled or modified them.

2)* BREAKAGE OF LCD PANEL

DO NOT INGEST liquid crystal material, DO NOT INHALE this material, and DO NOT PERMIT this material to contact the skin, if glass of LCD panel is broken.

If liquid crystal material contacts the skin, mouth or clothing, take the following actions immediately. In case contact to the eye or mouth, rinse with large amount of running water for more than 15 minutes. In case contact to the skin or clothing, wipe it off immediately and wash with soap and large amount of running water for more than 15 minutes. The skin or closing may be damaged if liquid crystal material is left adhered.

In case ingestion, rinse out the mouth well with water. After spewing up by drinking large amount of water, get medical treatment.

3)* GLASS OF LCD PANEL

BE CAREFUL WITH CHIPS OF GRASS that may cause injuring fingers or skin, when the glass is broken. Since FL is also made of glass, when FL is built in, handle it with due caution as well.

4) ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

DO NOT EXCEED the absolute maximum rating values under the worst probable conditions caused by the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in parts' constants, environmental temperature, etc., otherwise LCD module may be damaged.

5) POWER PROTECTION CIRCUIT

Employ protection circuit for power supply, whenever the specification specifies it.

A suitable protection circuit should be applied, based on each system design.

DO NOT MODIFY the fuse used in the module. It may cause overheat and/or burning if dusts or metal particles are on the PCBs in the LCD module.

6) DISPOSAL

Always comply all applicable environmental regulations, when disposing of LCD module.

7) EDGES OF PARTS

Be careful with handling the metal flame (bezel) of a module. Even though burr disposal treatment is performed, it may cause injuring. Be careful with edges of glass parts and touch panel identically. For designing the system, give special consideration that the wiring and parts do not touch those edges.

8)* LUMINANCE DECREASE OF FL

When FL becomes extremely dark and its color changes from white to pink, stop the use of the module immediately. FL, at the end of its life with its discharge color turns into pink as the characteristics of FL, may adversely affect the module at the end part of FL due to temperature raising caused by depletion of the mercury which is contained in FL tube, or may have a possibility of breakage.

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For Designing the System

2-1 DESIGNING ENCLOSURE

1) MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Refer to the individual specification for LCD module's mechanical dimensions.

2) MOUNTING HOLES

LCD module should be assembled to the system by using all mounting holes specified in the individual specification with the specified screws.

In addition, some modules may not be necessary to use all the mounting holes. Make comprehensive judgments on the entire system.

3)* BENDING / TWISTING

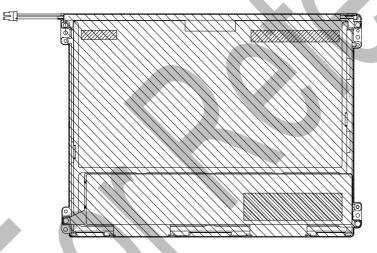
Make sure to design the enclosure that bending/twisting forces are not applied to LCD module during and after the installation into the system.

4) DESIGN OF LCD MODULE REAR SURFACE

Design to not touch object to oblique lines area of drawing mentioned below/

This LCD module uses prism light guard. If prism light guard is pushed, there is danger of appearance of white spot or black spot..

And if circuit board is pushed, there is danger of damage.



5) GASES FROM SETTING MATERIAL

Some plastic materials and shock absorbing materials (rubber) used in the system may generate gases that may cause the deterioration of the polarizer laminated on LCD's panel or internal parts of the module. Prior confirmation is required.

6) GASES FROM PACKAGING MATERIAL

Some materials used for packaging (for which sulfuric acid is used in the recycling process) generate gases that may cause the deterioration of the polarizer laminated on LCD's panel or internal parts of the module. Prior confirmation is required.

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2-2 DESIGNING POWER SUPPLIES AND INPUT SIGNALS TO LCD MODULE

1) CAPACITY OF POWER SUPPLY

Be sure that power supply output from the system should be limited to smaller values than listed shown below. (For example Quick Arcing Fuse with listed ratings can be used.)

It is because this LCD module explained in this specification has a current limiter, with such function at power input line(s). But it may be some possibility of overheat and/or burning of LCD module and its peripheral devices before current limiter of the module when open-short test of the module is performed by using power supply higher than following recommended value.

| Power supply | Recommended maximum output current of power supply | Recommended Fuse Rating (in case of using fuse for current limiter) | Built-in Fuse Rating (for reference) |
|-----------------|--|---|---|
| V _{DD} | <u>4.0</u> A | <u>2.0</u> A | <u>_2.0</u> A |

Refer to individual specification for details for capacity of power supply, and apply some protection circuit including fuses for power supply lines.

2) SEQUENCE OF POWER SUPPLIES AND INPUT SIGNALS(Refer 4.2.2)

Design sequence of power supplies and the input signals according to mentioned 4.2.2., If sequence is out of specifications, LCD is danger of damage and wrong display.

3) FL CABLE CONNECTION

Make sure to connect correctly high-voltage wire and low-voltage wire between FL tube and inverter unit. If high-voltage wire and low-voltage wire are connected incorrectly, it may cause insufficient brightness or unstable operation of FL, and smoke or burn of the parts.

4) PREVENTION OF IMAGE STICKING

Design the system not to display same pattern for a long time in order to prevent image sticking on the panel. Note that incorrect sequence of power supplies and input signals may cause the sticking on the panel, too.

5) GROUNDING OF METAL FRAME

Grounding of metal frame of LCD module is generally effective to prevent radiation interference from the system design.

However, the necessity of grounding, or effective grounding method should be dependent on each system design.

2-3 DESIGNING FOR BETTER VISIBILITY

1) PANEL ANGLE

Visibility of LCD module deeply depends on the viewing directions. The position and the angle of LCD module in the system should be designed so that the best visibility can be obtained at the actual usage.

2) WINDOW OPENING

Dimensions of window opening of the system's enclosure should be designed as smaller than "Viewing Area" and larger than "Active Area" specified in individual specification in order to obtain better appearance.

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3) PROTECTIVE COVER

In case of severe environmental condition like outdoor usage, a proper transparent protective cover(lens) over LCD module is recommended to apply in order to prevent scratches, and invasion of dust, water, etc., from the system's window onto LCD module.

Ultra-violet ray cut filter is recommended to apply onto LCD module for outdoor operation. Strong ultra-violet ray may cause damage the panel. However, in that case, transmittance-luminance will decrease. Careful selection of material is required.

2-4 DESIGNING FL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Input FL starting voltage(VSFL) should be longer than two seconds. If it were not, it may cause unstable operation of FL.

Inverter should be design to stop output when the inverter is no-load to FL tubes (due to breakage of FL, etc.) to prevent high-voltage generation.

When high voltage is applied to FL continuously without normal operation of FL (due to output leakage within FL wiring circuit, etc.) it may cause smoke or burn. To prevent excess current, design the inverter with a protection circuit such as a current limiter (excess current detection) to stop inverter output.

For Installation in Assembly

3-1 CARRYING When LCD handling, hold by bezel, not hand with FL cable.

3-2 ESD (ELECTRO-STATIC DISCHARGE) PREVENTION

The C-MOS LSIs used in LCD module is very sensitive to ESD. The following caution should be taken when installing LCD module to an enclosure of the system in order to prevent damage of C-MOS LSIs used in LCD module.

1) HUMIDITY

Ambient humidity of working area is recommended to be higher than 50%RH in order to avoid ESD.

2) GROUNDING

2-1) Grounded electro-conductive mats are recommended to be covered on the floor of working area and surface of working benches.

2-2) The grounding should be done through a resister of 0.5-1M ohms in order to prevent spark of ESD.

2-3) Person handling LCD modules should be grounded with wrist band.

2-4) Tools like soldering iron and screw drivers and working benches should be grounded.

3) IONIZER

Using ionizer (an antistatic blower) is recommended at working area in order to reduce electro-static voltage.

4) REMOVING PROTECTION FILM

When removing protection film from LCD panel, peel off the film slowly (more than three seconds) from the edge of the panel with round-ended tweezers or adhesive tape while blowing with ionizer toward the peeling face to minimize ESD which may damage electrical circuit.

5) Be careful with touching metal portion of testing instruments in order to prevent unnecessary ESD.

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6) Do not touch the electrode area of PCB and electrical parts like LSI, capacitor, connector pin, etc.

3-3 DUST AND STAIN PREVENTION

1) WORKING AREA

Reduce dust level in working area. Especially the level of metal particle should be decreased, otherwise electrical circuit in LCD module may be damaged due to short circuit by metal particles.

2) PROTECTION FILM

LCD module may be shipped with "protection film" on LCD panel in order to prevent from scratches and dust. It is recommended to remove the film at later process of assembling.

3) FINGER PRINT

Use finger stalls or soft and dust-free gloves in order to keep clean appearance of LCD module when handled for incoming inspection and assembly.

4)* WIPING OFF DUST ON THE PANEL

When LCD panel becomes dirty, wipe the panel surface off softly with absorbent cotton or another soft cloth.

If necessary, breathe upon the panel surface and then wipe off immediately and softly again.

If the dirt can not be wiped off, follow the instructions described in individual specification.

Be careful not to spill organic solvents into the inside of LCD module. The solvents may damage driver IC and PCB area used inside module.

The polarizer laminated to LCD panel and adhesives may be damaged by the solvents, so do not use any organic solvents for wiping off LCD panel.

5) ADHESIVE ON LCD PANEL

Be careful not to attach adhesive, grease, etc., on LCD panel, because it is difficult to remove them without any damages on LCD panel.

6)* WATER SPOTS ON THE PANEL

Avoid the dewing or water condensation.

Wipe off a spot or spots of water or mist on LCD panel softly with absorbent cotton or another cloth as soon as possible if happened, otherwise discoloration or stain may be caused.

3-4 BENDING / TWISTING OF LCD MODULE DURING ASSEMBLY

1) INSTALLING LCD MODULE TO THE ENCLOSURE

Do not bend or twist LCD module even momentary when LCD module is installed into an enclosure of the system.

2) FASTENING SCREWS

Fasten screws for mounting holes uniformly, otherwise bending / twisting force may be applied to LCD module.

3) INTERFACE / FL CABLES

Do not fasten screws, with catching interface cables or FL cables between LCD module and the enclosure. This may cause bending of LCD module, or become the cause of a failure by damaging cables.

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3-5 MECHANICAL FORCES

1)* STRONG MECHANICAL SHOCK

Refrain from strong mechanical shock like dropping from the working bench or knocking against hard object. These may cause panel crack, damage of FL or other mis-operation.

2)* EXCESSIVE FORCE

Refrain from excessive force like pushing the surface of LCD panel. This may cause scratches or breakage of the panel, or a failure of the module.

3)* SCRATCHES ON THE PANEL

Do not put heavy object such as tools, books, etc., and do not pile up LCD modules.

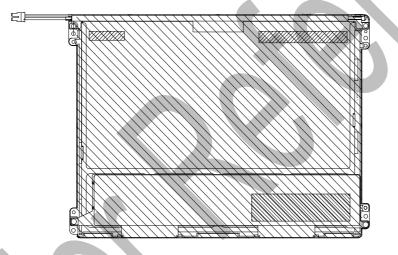
Be careful not to touch surface of the polarizer laminated to the panel with any hard and sharp object. The polarizer is so soft that it can be easily scratched, even the protect film covers it.

4)* SCRATCHES ON REAR SURFACE

Don't push at oblique lines of drawing mentioned below/

This LCD module uses prism light guard. If prism light guard is pushed, there is danger of appearance of white spot or black spot..

And if circuit board is pushed, there is danger of damage.



4) CONNECTORS

When inserting or disconnecting the connectors to LCD module, be sure not to apply force against PCB nor connecting cables, otherwise internal connection of PCB and TAB drivers may be damaged.

5) FL CABLES

Be careful not to pull the FL cables in order to avoid mechanical damage in FL lamp and soldering area. While mounting, do not bind or twist the FL cables, or the Lamp current may not be applied as designed.

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3-6 OPERATION

Be sure that the following caution should be taken under assembly and inspection of the system.

1) POWER SUPPLY

Power supplies should always be turned off in connecting process. Do not connect or disconnect the power cables and connectors with power applied to LCD module.

2) INPUT SIGNAL

The signal should be applied after power supplies are turned on.

The signal should be removed before power supplies are turned off.

The detailed sequence of power supplies and signals are described in individual specifications.

3) LCD LONG PERIOD OPERATION

In case of LCD long period operation, discoloration of light guide or optical sheet will be happened due to ultra violet and heat from CCFL. As the result, there is possibility to have out of specification for the optical characteristic as "5.2". But this is not irregular phenomena. Moreover, CCFL also has the characteristic of color shift by long period operation.

For Transportation and Storage

1) TEMPERATURE

Do not store LCD modules in high temperature, especially in high humidity for a long time (approximately more than one month).

It is strongly recommended to store LCD modules where the temperature is in the range of 0 to 35 degrees Celsius and the humidity is lower than 70%.

2) LOW TEMPERATURE

Liquid crystal material may be coagulated and LCD panel may be damaged at the lower temperature than storage temperature range described in individual specification.

3) ULTRA VIOLET RAY

Store LCD module without exposure to direct sunlight or fluorescent lamps in order to prevent the module from strong ultra violet ray.

4) CLEANLINESS

Keep the module in clean place, because any dust, hard particle may damage the polarizer, or dust invades the inside of the module.

5)* CONDENSATION OF WATER

Avoid condensation of water on LCD module, otherwise it may cause mis-operation or defects. Keep away LCD module from such ambient.

6) PACKAGING

In case of transportation or storage after opening the original packaging, LCD modules are recommended to be repacked into the original packaging with the same method, especially with same kind of desiccant.

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1. Scope

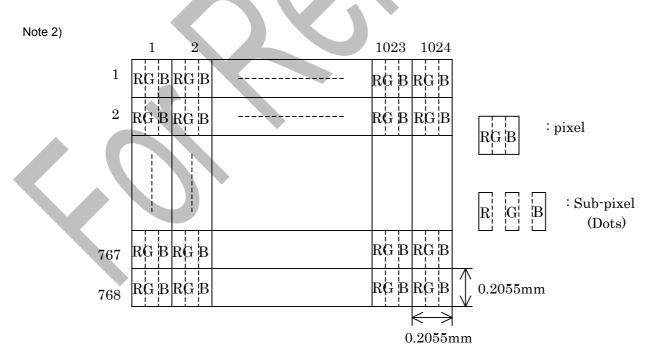
This specification is applicable to Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology's 26cm diagonal size TFT-LCD module "LTM10C321W" designed for Tablet PC.

2. Product Specifications

2.1 General Specifications

| Item | Specifications | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Display Mode | TN color(64 gray scales, 256k colors) | | | | | |
| | Transmissive type, Normally white (∴ k=1024) | | | | | |
| Optimum Viewing Direction | 6 o'clock (in direction of maximum contrast) | | | | | |
| Driving Method | TFT active matrix | | | | | |
| Input Signals | LVDS interface | | | | | |
| | CLK+,CLK- | | | | | |
| | IN0+,IN0- | | | | | |
| | IN1+,IN1- | | | | | |
| | IN2+,IN2- | | | | | |
| | *Use H-sync , V-sync and ENAB control. | | | | | |
| Dimensional Outline ¹⁾ | 238.6 (W) \times 173.2 (H) \times 6.8 max. (D) (mm) | | | | | |
| Active Area | 210.432 (W) × 157.824 (H) (mm) | | | | | |
| Viewing Area | 212.4 (W) × 159.8 (H) (mm) | | | | | |
| Number of Pixels ²⁾ | 1024 (W) × 768 (H) (mm) | | | | | |
| Pixel Pitch ²⁾ | 0.2055 (W) \times 0.2055 (H) (mm) | | | | | |
| Pixel Arrangement ²⁾ | RGB vertical stripes | | | | | |
| Surface Treatment | Anti-glare and hard coat 3H on LCD surface | | | | | |
| Backlight | Single cold-cathode fluorescent lamp for sidelighting | | | | | |

Note 1) Excluding backlight cables.



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2.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings 1)

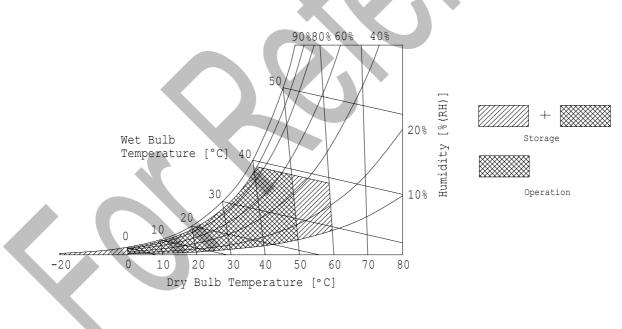
| Item | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Checked Terminal 4) |
|---|------------------|------|----------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Supply Voltage | $V_{\rm DD}$ | -0.3 | +4.0 | V | V _{DD} - GND |
| Input Voltage of Signals | V _{IN} | -0.3 | V _{DD} +0.3 | V | R5 - R0, G5 - G0, B5 - B0 |
| | | | | | NCLK, ENAB |
| FL Driving Voltage | V_{FL} | - | 2.0 | kV(rms) | |
| FL Driving Frequency | f _{FL} | - | 100 | kHz | |
| Operating Ambient Temperature ²⁾ | T _{OP} | 0 | +50 | °C | |
| Operating Ambient Humidity ²⁾ | $H_{\rm OP}$ | 10 | 90 | %(RH) | |
| Storage Temperature ²⁾ | T _{STG} | -20 | +60 | °C | |
| Storage Humidity ²⁾ | H _{STG} | 10 | 90 | %(RH) | |
| Operating Temperature for Panel ³⁾ | - | 0 | +60 | °C | |

Note 1) Do not exceed the maximum rating values under the worst probable conditions taking into account the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part constants, and ambient temperature and so on. Otherwise the module may be damaged.

Note 2) Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water. See figure below.

Note 3) The surface temperature caused by self heat radiation of cell itself is specified on this item.

Note 4) Refer to 2.4.5

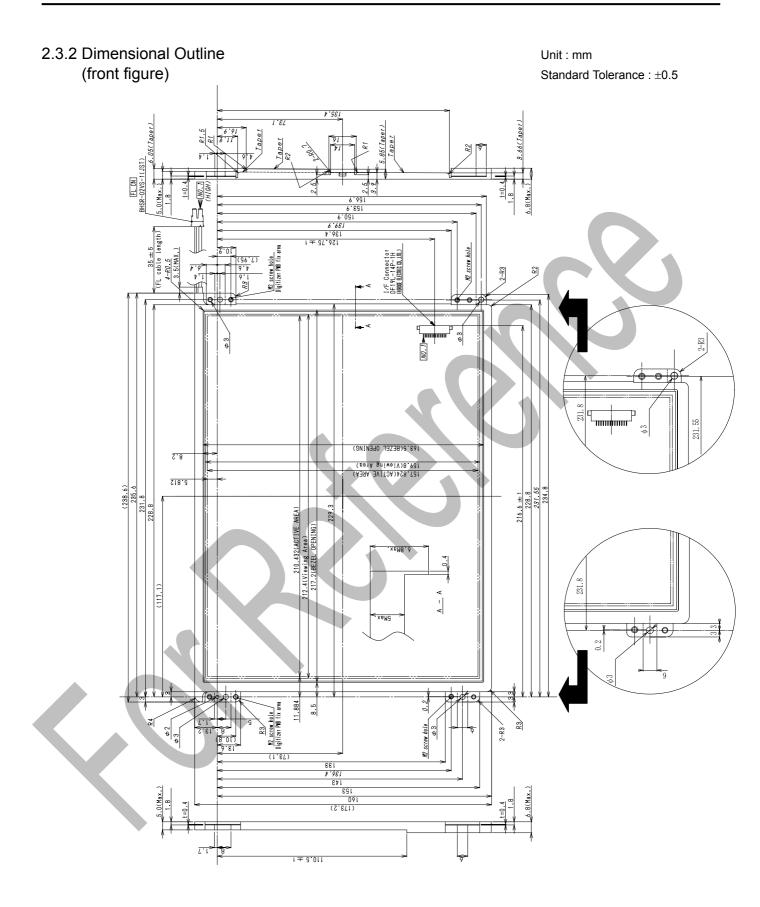


2.3 Mechanical Specifications

2.3.1 Weight

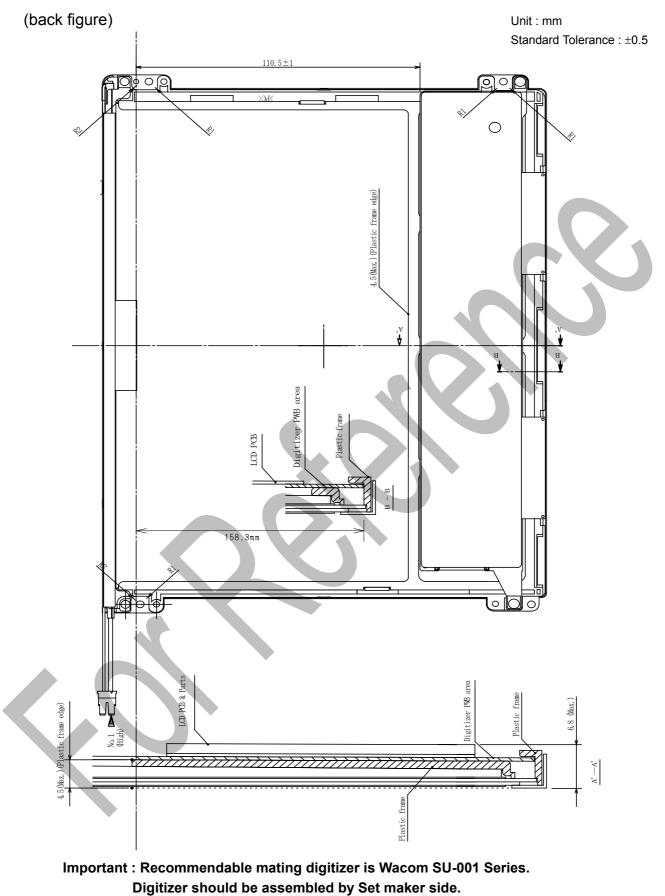
225±20(g)

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Note 1) When LCD module is assembled to a set, it must be used all attachment holes (four places).

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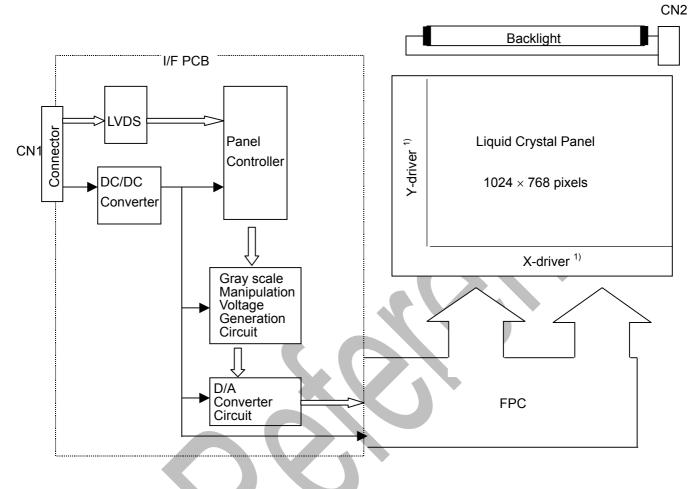


Digitizer sensor board thickness should be 0.5mm max..

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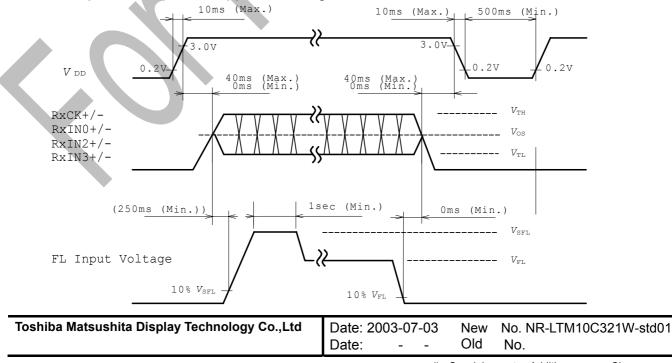
2.4 Electrical Specifications

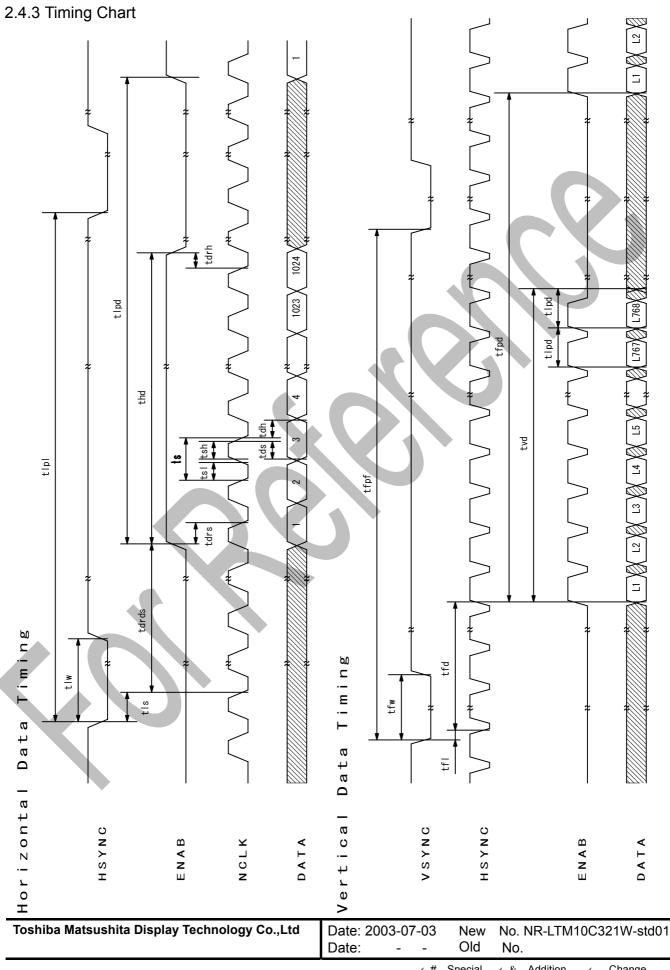
2.4.1 Circuit Diagram



Note 1) Build up LCD drivers on the glass substrate

2.4.2 Sequence of Power Supplies and Signals





| Signal | Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|--------|-------------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|
| NCLK | Clock Period | ts | 15 | 15.38 | - | ns | |
| | Frequency | 1/ <i>ts</i> | - | 65 | 66.6 | MHz | |
| | High Time | tsh | 6 | - | - | ns | 5) |
| | Low Time | ts/ | 7 | - | - | ns | 5) |
| HSYNC | Setup to NCLK | t/s | 7 | - | - | ns | 5) |
| | Pulse Width | tlw | 8 x <i>ts</i> | - | - | - | |
| VSYNC | Pulse Width | tfw | 3 x tlpd | - | 7 x tlpd | | |
| | VSYNC to DATA | tfd | 7 x tlpd | - | - | | |
| | Setup to HSYNC | tfl | 16 | - | - | ns | 5) |
| | Line Period | tlpd=tlpl | 1319 x <i>ts</i> | 1344 x <i>ts</i> | 1462 x <i>ts</i> | - | |
| | | | 20.04 | 20.68 | | μs | |
| | Horizontal Display Time | thd | 1024 x <i>ts</i> | 1024 x <i>ts</i> | 1024 x <i>ts</i> | - | |
| | Frame Frequency | 1/tfpd | 58 | 60 | ľ | Hz | |
| | Frame Period | tfpd=tfpf | 778 x tlpd | 806 x <i>tlpd</i> | 860 x tlpd | - | |
| | Vertical Display Time | tvd | 768 x tlpd | 768 x tlpd | 768 x tlpd | | |
| DATA | Setup | tds | 5 | - | - | ns | 5) |
| | Hold | tdh | 7 | - | - | ns | 5) |
| ENAB | Setup | tdrs | 10 | | - | ns | 5) |
| | Hold | tdrh | 10 | / / | | ns | 5) |
| | Display Start | tdrds | - | - | 400 x ts | - | |

2.4.4 Timing Specifications ^{1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)}

Note 1) Refer to TIMING CHART and LVDS (DF90CF364,DF90CF384) specifications by National Semiconductor.

Note 2) If NCLK is fixed to "H" or "L" level for certain period while ENAB is supplied, the panel may be damaged.

- Note 3) If Hsync or Vsync or ENAB is Fixed to "H" or "L" level for certain period while NCLK is supplied, the panel became display shifted.
- Note 4) Please adjust LCD operating signal timing and FL driving frequency, to optimize the display quality. There is a possibility that flicker is observed by the interference of LCD operating signal timing and FL driving Condition (especially driving frequency), even if the condition satisfies above timing specifications and recommended operating conditions shown in 3.
- Note 5) Do not hold NCLK on "H" level nor "L" level during VDD(+3.3V) Is supplied. When it holds on, DC voltage supplies to liquid crystal materials and it may cause damage to liquid crystal materials.
- Note 6) In case of using the long frame period, the deterioration of
- Note 7) These values are determined by the LCD module.

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2.4.5 Interface Connector

CN1 INPUT SIGNAL

Using Connector : DF19L-14P-1H / HIROSE ELECTRIC CO.,LTD.

Mating Connector(Corresponding Connector)

: DF19G-14S-1C / HIROSE ELECTRIC CO.,LTD.

| Terminal No. | Symbol | Function | |
|--------------|-------------------|--|---|
| 1 | V _{DD} | Power Supply : +3.3V | |
| 2 | V _{DD} | Power Supply : +3.3V | |
| 3 | GND ¹⁾ | | |
| 4 | GND ¹⁾ | | |
| 5 | IN0- | Transmission Data of Pixels(Differential data) 0 (Negative : -) | |
| 6 | IN0+ | Transmission Data of Pixels(Differential data) 0 (Positive : +) | |
| 7 | IN1- | Transmission Data of Pixels(Differential data) 1 (Negative : -) | |
| 8 | IN1+ | Transmission Data of Pixels(Differential data) 1 (Positive : +) | |
| 9 | IN2- | Transmission Data of Pixels(Differential data) 2 (Negative : -) | |
| 10 | IN2+ | Transmission Data of Pixels(Differential data) 2 (Positive : +) | |
| 11 | CLK- | Sampling Clock (Negative : -) | |
| 12 | CLK+ | Sampling Clock (Positive : +) | |
| 13 | GND ¹⁾ | | j |
| 14 | GND ¹⁾ | | j |

CN2 CCFL POWER SOURCE

Using Connector : BHSR-02V-1 / JAPAN SOLDERLESS TERMINAL MFG CO., LTD.

Mating Connector(Corresponding Connector)

: SM02B-BHSS-1 / JAPAN SOLDERLESS TERMINAL MFG CO., LTD.

| Terminal No. | Symbol | Function | Color of cable |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | VFLH | CCFL Power Supply (high voltage) | Pink |
| 2 | VFLL | CCFL Power Supply (low voltage) | White |

Note 1) Please connect GND pin to ground.

Don't use it as no-connect nor connection with high impedance.

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RECOMMENDED TRANSMITTER (DS90CF363) TO LTM10C321W INTERFACE ASSIGNMENT

6bit Transmitter

| | | | DS90CF363 | | LTM10 | C321W |
|---------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Input T | erminal No. | | Input Signal | Output | Inter | |
| input i | | | (Graphics controller output signal) | Signal | (CI | N1) |
| Symbol | Terminal | Symbol | Function | Symbol | Terminal | Symbol |
| TIN0 | 44 | R0 | Red Pixels Display Data (LSB) | | | |
| TIN1 | 45 | R1 | Red Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TIN2 | 47 | R2 | Red Pixels Display Data | TOUT0- | No.5 | 1N0- |
| TIN3 | 48 | R3 | Red Pixels Display Data | TOUT0+ | No.6 | IN0- |
| TIN4 | 1 | R4 | Red Pixels Display Data | | 110.0 | INOT |
| TIN5 | 3 | R5 | Red Pixels Display Data (MSB) | | | |
| TIN6 | 4 | G0 | Green Pixels Display Data (LSB) | | | |
| TIN7 | 6 | G1 | Green Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TIN8 | 7 | G2 | Green Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TIN9 | 9 | G3 | Green Pixels Display Data | TOUT1- | No.7 | IN1- |
| TIN10 | 10 | G4 | Green Pixels Display Data | TOUT1+ | No.8 | IN 1- IN1+ |
| TIN11 | 12 | G5 | Green Pixels Display Data (MSB) | 10011+ | 110.0 | |
| TIN12 | 13 | B0 | Blue Pixels Display Data (LSB) | | · · | |
| TIN13 | 15 | B1 | Blue Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TIN14 | 16 | B2 | Blue Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TIN15 | 18 | B3 | Blue Pixels Display Data | | | |
| TIN16 | 19 | B4 | Blue Pixels Display Data | TOUT2- | No.9 | IN2- |
| TIN17 | 20 | B5 | Blue Pixels Display Data (MSB) | TOUT2- | No.10 | IN2- IN2+ |
| TIN18 | 22 | HSYNC | H-Sync | 10012+ | NO. 10 | IINZ+ |
| TIN19 | 23 | VSYNC | V-Sync | | | |
| TIN20 | 25 | ENAB | Compound Synchronization Signal | | | |
| CLK IN | 26 | CLK | Data Sampling Clock | TCLK OUT- TCLK OUT+ | No.11 No.12 | CLK- CLK+ |

Note 1) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don't connect it to ground nor to other signal input.

| IN 0 | TIN6 | TIN5 | TIN4 | ТІМЗ | TIN2 | T I N 1 | TINO | X |
|------|-------|---------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|-------|---|
| | G0 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | |
| IN 1 | TIN13 | TIN12 | T I N 1 1 | TIN10 | TIN9 | TIN8 | TIN7 | X |
| | B1 | В0 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | |
| IN 2 | TIN20 | TIN19 | TIN18 | TIN17 | TIN16 | TIN15 | TIN14 | X |
| | ENA | 3 VSYNC | HSYNC | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

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2.4.6 Colors Combination Table

| | Display | R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0 | G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0 | B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 | Gray Scale Level |
|------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | Black | | | | - |
| | Blue | | | ннннн | - |
| | Green | | ннннн | LLLLL | - |
| Basic | Light Blue | | ннннн | ННННН | - |
| Color | Red | ннннн | | LLLLL | - |
| | Purple | ннннн | | ннннн | - |
| | Yellow | ннннн | ннннн | LLLLL | - |
| | White | ннннн | ннннн | ННННН | |
| | Black | | | L L L L L L | LO |
| | | LLLLH | | L L L L L L | L1 |
| | Dark | LLLHL | | LLLLL | L 2 |
| Gray | \uparrow | : | : | : | L3 |
| Scale of | \downarrow | : | : | : | L60 |
| Red | Light | ннннгн | | | L61 |
| | _ | H H H H H L | | | L62 |
| | Red | ННННН | | | Red L63 |
| | Black | | | | LO |
| | | | | | L1 |
| | Dark | | | | L 2 |
| Gray | ↑ Dunk | : | : | | L3 |
| Scale of | Ļ | : | : | | L60 |
| Green | Light | | ннннн | LLLLL | L61 |
| | | | ннннц | | L62 |
| | Green | | ннннн | | Green L63 |
| | Black | | | | |
| | Diddix | | | | L 1 |
| | Dark | | | | L 2 |
| Gray | | | | | L3 |
| Scale of | \downarrow | | | : | L60 |
| Blue | ↓ Light | | | | |
| | Light | | | H H H H L H | L61 L62 |
| | Blue | | | | Blue L63 |
| | Black | | | | L 0 |
| | DIACK | | | | L0 |
| | Dark | | | | L 1 |
| Gray | Dark ↑ | | | | L3 |
| Scale of | $\uparrow \qquad \qquad$ | | : | • | L60 |
| White & Black | • | | · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| DIACK | Light | нннцй | HHHLH | HHHLH | L61 |
| | | ннннц | HHHHL | H H H H H L | L62 |
| | White | ннннн | ннннн | ННННН | White L63 |

Note1 L: Low level voltage, H: High level voltage

| Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology Co.,Ltd | Date: 2003-07-03 | New | No. NR-LTM10C321W-std01 |
|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| | Date: | Old | No. |

3. Recommended Operating Conditions ^{1) 2) 3)}

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|------|----------------------|---------|--|
| Supply Voltage ⁴⁾ | $V_{\rm DD}$ | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | |
| Receiver Input Range | | 0 | - | 2.4 | V | |
| Differential Input High Threshold ⁵⁾ | V _{TH} | - | - | V _{Os} +0.1 | V | V _{OS} :Offset Mode Voltage |
| Differential Input Low Threshold ⁵⁾ | V _{TL} | V _{O s} -0.1 | - | - | V | V _{0 S} =1.2V |
| FL Input Current ^{6) 7) 8)} | I _{FL} | 2.5 | 5.0 | 6.0 | mA(rms) | |
| FL Driving Voltage ⁶⁾ | V_{FL} | 540 | 590 | 640 | V(rms) | I _{FL} =5.0mA(rms)(Reference) |
| FL Driving Frequency ^{6) 9)} | f _{FL} | 40 | 50 | 60 | kHz | |
| FL Starting Voltage ^{6) 10)} | V _{SFL} | 1200 | - | 1600 | V(rms) | at 0 °C |

Note 1) The module should be always operated within these ranges. The "Typ." shows the recommendable value.

Note 2) Recommended LVDS transmitter : DF90CF363MTD,DF90CF383MTD(made by National Semiconductor)

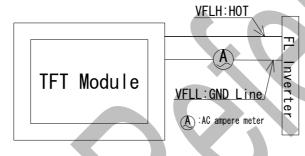
LVDS receiver included in this module is DF90CF364MTD.

Refer to LVDS specifications.

Note 3) This TFT-LCD module conforms to LVDS standard TIA/EIA-644

Note 4) Checked Pin Terminal: V_{DD}, GND(0V)

- Note 5) Checked Pin Terminal:IN0- \sim CLK+,GND(0V)
- Note 6) Checked Pin Terminal:VFLH-VFLL



Note 7) If FL input current is higher than 6.0mA(rms), then FL

lifetime becomes shorter.

Note 8) Measuring Method of IFL

Note 9) Please adjust LCD operating signal timing and FL driving frequency, to optimize the display quality. There is a possibility that flicker is observed by the interference of LCD operating signal timing and

FL driving condition (especially driving frequency), even if the condition satisfies above recommended operating conditions and timing specifications shown in 2.4.4.

Note10) Input FL starting voltage(V_{SFL}) should not be less than one second.

If it were less than one second, it may cause unstable operation of FL.

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|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|
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4. Electrical Characteristics

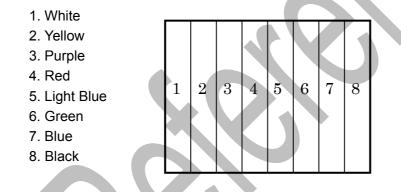
4.1 Test Conditions

| Ambient Temperature | e :Ta | 25±5°C |
|----------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Ambient Humidity | : H a | 65±20%(RH) |
| Supply Voltage | : V _{DD} | 3.3V |
| Input Signal | : Refer | typical value in "2.4.4 Timing Specifications". |
| FL Input Current | : I _{FL} 5.0 | 0mA(rms) |
| FL Driving Frequency | /: <i>f</i> _{FL} 50 | kHz |

4.2 Specifications

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. ¹⁾ | Max. ²⁾ | Unit | Remark |
|--|-----------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| Current Consumption (Current Dissipation) | I _{DD} | - | 185 | 360 | mA | V _{DD} Terminal Current |

Note 1) The Typical value of I_{DD} is measured in the following pattern.



Note 2) The Typical value of I_{DD} is measured in the following pattern.

| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|
| R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | | |
| R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | ••• | • |
| R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | R | G | В | | |
| | | | | | | | : | | • | | | | | | | | | | |

| Grayscale level:L7 |
|--------------------|
| Grayscale level:L0 |

Sheet 23

5. Optical Characteristics

- 5.1 Test Conditions
 - It is same as 4.1

The measuring method is shown in 11.

5.2 Optical Specifications ¹⁾²⁾

| | | | | | | S | pecificatio | ns | | |
|----------------|----------|------------------|--|----------------|------|------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Item | | Symbol | mbol Conditions | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark | |
| Viewing Angle | | θ | <i>CR</i> ≥ 10 | <i>CR</i> ≥ 10 | | 20 | 30 | - | ° | |
| | | | | φ= | 0° | 40 | 50 | - (| | |
| | | | | φ= | 90° | 40 | 50 | - | ° | |
| | | | | φ= | -90° | 40 | 50 | - | • | |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | θ =0 °, φ =0 ° | | | 100 | 250 | - | - | |
| Response Tim | е | t _{ON} | θ =0° , φ =0° | | | - | - | 50 | ms | |
| | | t _{OFF} | | | | - | - | 50 | ms | |
| Luminance | | L | θ=0°, φ=0° Gray Scale Level=L63 (White) | | 105 | 150 | - | cd/m ² | I _{FL} =5.0mA (rms) | |
| Luminance Un | iformity | LUNF | θ=0°, φ=0° Gr Level=L63 (W | ay Sc | ale | 55 | | - | % | |
| Chromaticity | Red | хR | Gray Scale Le | evel:L | 63 | 0.54 | 0.61 | 0.68 | - | |
| | | уR | θ=0°, φ=0° | | | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.42 | - | |
| | Green | хG | Ditto | | | 0.26 | 0.33 | 0.40 | - | |
| | | уG | | | | 0.49 | 0.56 | 0.63 | - | |
| | Blue | хB | Ditto | | | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.22 | - | |
| | | yВ | | | | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.19 | - | |
| | White | хW | Ditto | | | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.39 | - | |
| | | уW | | | | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.40 | - | |

Note 1) Refer to "11. Measuring Method".

Note 2) It is the value of Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology standard inverter use.

| | Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology Co.,Ltd | Date: 2003-07-03 Date: | New Old | No. NR-LTM10C321W-std01 No. |
|--|---|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
|--|---|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|

6.Quality

6.1 Inspection AQL

Total of Major Defects : AQL 0.65 % Total of Minor Defects : AQL 1.5 % Sampling Method:ANSI/ASQC Z1.4(level II)

6.2 Test Conditions

- 1) Ambient Temperature : 25±5°C
- 2) Ambient Humidity : 65±20%(RH)
- 3) Illumination
- : Approximately 500 lx under the fluorescent lamp
- 4) Viewing Distance
- 5) Inspection Angle
- : θ**=0°**, φ**=0**°

: Approximately 30cm by the eyes of the inspector from the module

6.3 Dimensional Outline

The products shall conform to the dimensions specified in 2.3.2. Definition of Major and Minor defects are as follows.

| Item | Description | Class |
|----------------------|---|-------|
| Important Dimensions | Dimensional outline, Dimensional between | Major |
| | the mounting holes. | |
| Others | Dimensions specified in this specifications | Minor |

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|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| | Date: | Old | No. |

6.4 Appearance Test

- 6.4.1 Test Conditions
 - 1) Condition : Non-operating, operating

Same as 6.2

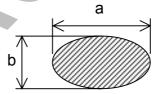
6.4.2 Specifications

| Item | | Description | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------|-------------------|---|-------|--|
| PCB Appearance | Pattern peeling snapping | g, electrically | / short | | | Major | |
| | Repair portion on PCB is not covered by epoxy resign | | | | | | |
| Soldering | Cold solder joint, lead m | Cold solder joint, lead move when pulled | | | | | |
| Bezel, Frame, Connectors | Distinct stain, rust or scr | Distinct stain, rust or scratch | | | | | |
| Black and White | | | | | | Minor | |
| Spots/Lines ¹⁾²⁾ | Line width | Length | n(mm) | Acceptable count | | | |
| | W < 0.03 | | | neglect | | | |
| | $0.03 \le W < 0.05$ | | < 0 | | | | |
| | 0.05 ≤ <i>W</i> < 0.07 | - L≤ | <u></u> 3 | n ≤ 5 | | | |
| | 0.07 ≤ <i>W</i> | | | 2) | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Average diamete | er(mm) | Acce | ptable count/side | | | |
| | D < 0.2 | | | neglect | | | |
| | $0.2 \le D < 0.$ | 3 | | $n \leq 6$ | | | |
| | $0.3 \le D < 0.1$ | .5 | | n ≤ 3 | | | |
| | 0.5 ≤ <i>D</i> | | | 0 |] | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Note 1) Inspection area should be within viewing area.

Note 2) Dusts which are bigger not less than 0.15mm ($0.1 \le W$) shall be judged by "Average Diameter".

Average Diameter D = (a+b)/2



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6.5 Display Quality

- 6.5.1 Test Conditions
 - 1) Inspection Area : Within viewing area
 - 2) Condition : Same as test conditions shown in 4.1 and 6.2
 - 3) Test Pattern : White display pattern (gray scale level L63) and black display pattern (gray scale level L0)

6.5.2 Specifications

| Item | | Description | / Specifications | Class |
|-----------------|--------|---|---------------------------------|-------|
| Function | | No display, Malfunction | Major | |
| Display Quality | 1)2)3) | Missing line | | Major |
| | | Missing Sub-Pixels | | Minor |
| | | 1) Bright defects | : 6pcs. maximum | |
| | | 2) Dark defects | : 6pcs. maximum | |
| | | 3) Total sub-pixel defects | : 9pcs. maximum | |
| | | 4) Total numbers of sub-bright | pixel defects within | |
| | | 15mm in diameter | : 4 pcs. maximum | |
| | | Inconspicuous flicker, crosstalk, neglect | Newton's ring and other defects | s: - |
| Black and White | | Inconspicuous defects : neglect | | - |
| Spots/line | | | | |
| Backlight | | Missing (Non-operating) | | Major |

Note 1) Defects of both color filter and black matrix are counted as bright or dark defects. Inspection area should be within the active area.

Note 2) Bright defect means a bright spot(sub-pixel) on the display pattern of gray scale L0. Dark defect means a dark spot(sub-pixel) on the display pattern of gray scale L63.

Note 3) Bright spot which can not be found by using 5%ND-Filter shall not be counted as a defect.

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|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Toshiba matsushita Display rechnology Co.,Eta | Date: | Old | No. |

6.6 Reliability Test

6.6.1 Test Conditions

1) The module should be driven and inspected under normal test conditions.

2) The module should not have condensation of water (moisture) on the module.

3) The module should be inspected after two or more hours storage in normal conditions (15 - 35°C,45-5%(RH)).

4) A module shall be used only for one test.

6.6.2 Specifications

| Test Item | Test Conditions | Result |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| High Temperature Operation ¹⁾ | 50°C 192 h | ОК 3р/3р |
| High Temperature Storage ²⁾ | 60°C 192 h | ОК 3р/3р |
| High Temperature | 50°C 80% 192 h | ОК Зр/Зр |
| High Humidity operation ¹⁾ | | • |
| Low Temperature Operation ¹⁾ | 0°C 192 h | ОК 3р/3р |
| Low Temperature Storage ²⁾ | -20°C 192 h | ОК 3р/3р |
| Temperature Shock ²⁾ | -20°C ⇔ 60°C | ОК 3р/3р |
| | 0.5h 0.5h | |
| | 50 cycles | |
| Mechanical Vibration ²⁾ | 10 – 500Hz sweep/cycle, | ОК 3р/3р |
| | 1.5×9.8m/s ² constant, | |
| | X.Y.Z each directions, 0.5h each | |
| Mechanical Shock ²⁾ | 210×9.8m/s ² , 2ms, | ОК 3р/3р |
| | \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z direction, | |
| | one time each | |
| | | |

Note 1) Operating

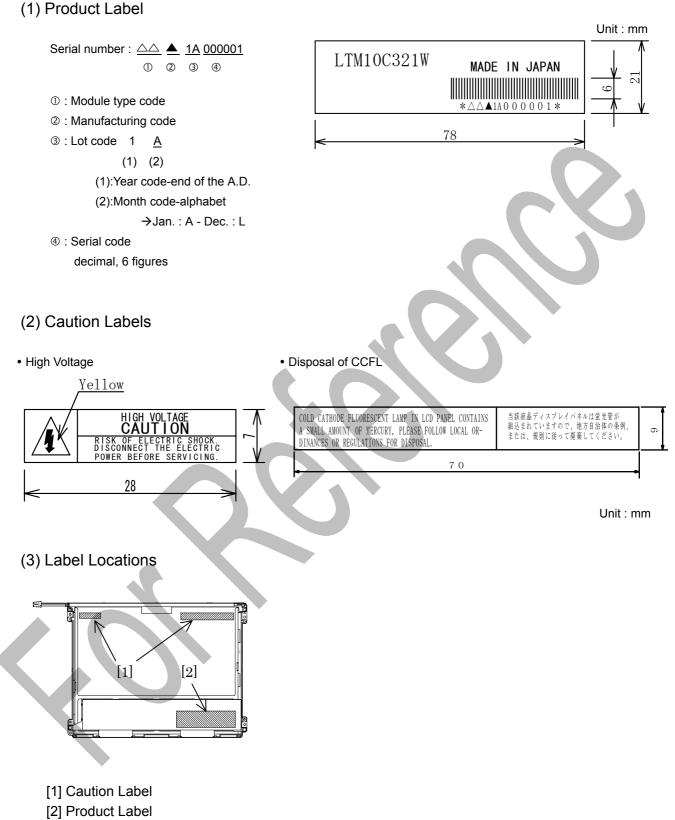
Note 2) Non-Operating

Definitions of failure for judgment shall be as follows:

- 1) Function of the module should be maintained.
- 2) Current consumption should be smaller than the specified value.
- 3) Appearance and display quality should not have distinguished degradation.
- 4) Luminance should be larger than 50% of the minimum value specified in 5.2.

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|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| | Date: | Old | No. |

6.7 Labels



| Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology Co.,LtdDate: 2003-07-03NewNo. NR-LTM10C321W-std0Date:-OldNo. |
|--|
|--|

7. Lifetime

7.1 Module (except lamp)

MTTF (Mean Time To Failure) : 50,000 h

(This value is not assurance time but inference value by following conditions.)

7.2 Lamp

7.2.1 Test Conditions

Ambient temperature Lamp current Lighting condition Driving frequency

- : 25±5°C (No wind) : 5.0mA(rms)
- : continuous lighting
- : 50kHz

7.2.2 Specifications

MTBF : 10,000 h

Definitions of failure for judgment shall be as follows.

1) LCD luminance becomes half of the minimum value.

2) Lamp doesn't light normally.

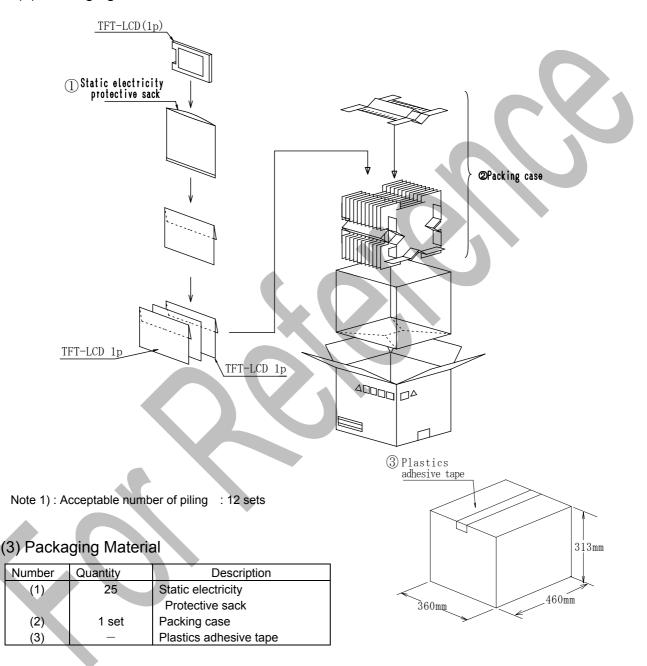
| Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology Co.,Ltd | Date: 2003-07-03 | New | No. NR-LTM10C321W-std01 |
|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| | Date: | Old | No. |

8. Packaging

- 8.1 Carton (internal package)
- (1) Packaging Form

Corrugated cardboard box and polyethylene foam as shock absorber

(2) Packaging Method ¹⁾²⁾



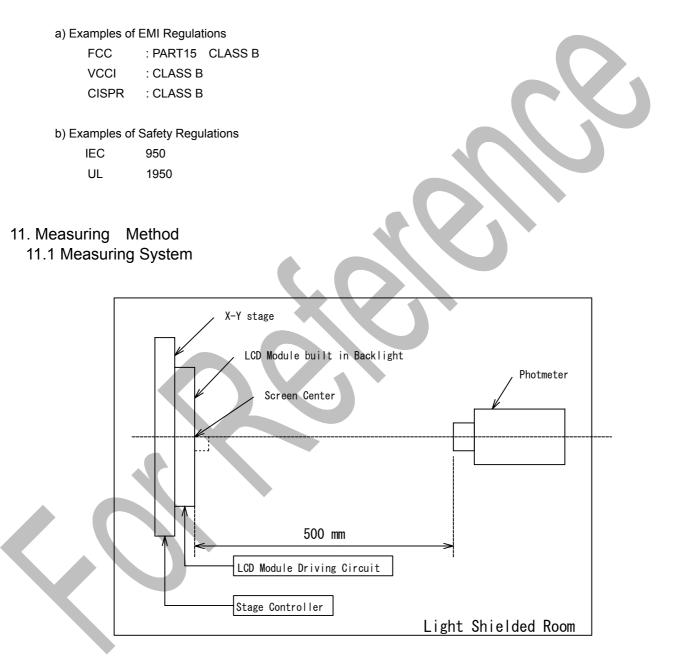
| Toshiba Matsushita Display Technology Co.,LtdDate: 2003-07-03NewNo. NR-LTMDate:-OldNo. |
|--|
|--|

9. Warranty

Warranty clause will be decided separately.

10. Regulation

The set (which our LCD module is assembled into) to conform the regulations below, take measures in set side. Toshiba is not liable for the regulations to the complete set, nor can guarantee our LCD module conform the regulation by itself.

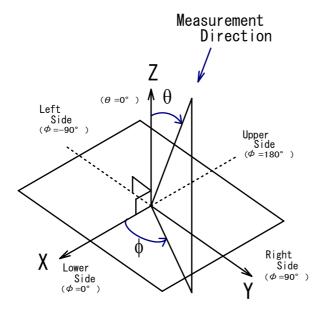


(1) The measurement point is the center of the active area except the measurement of Luminance Uniformity.

(2) Photometer : BM-7/BM-5A TOPCON (Aperture 2 $^\circ~$)

| Date: 2003-07-03 | New | No. NR-LTM10C321W-std01 |
|----------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Date: | Old | No. |
| | | |

(3) Definition of ϕ and θ :



11.2 Measuring Methods

(1) Luminance:

The luminance of the center on a white raster (gray scale level L63) shall be measured. Measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after the lamp is lit up.

(2) Contrast Ratio:

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

L63 : Luminance on the white raster (gray scale level L63)

L 0 : Luminance on the black raster (gray scale level L0)

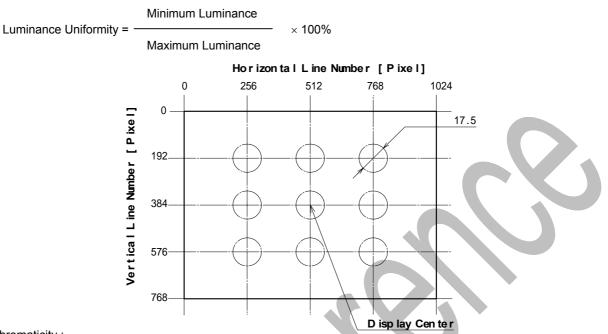
(3) Viewing Angle

Viewing angle is defined as the angles(θ , ϕ), in which specified contrast ratio can be obtained. (Refer to 11.1(3) for the axes.)

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(4) Luminance Uniformity:

The Luminance should be measured at 9 positions on white raster(gray scale level L63). Uniformity can be calculated by the following expression.

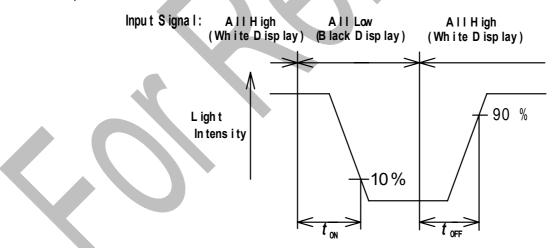


(5) Chromaticity :

The values(x,y) of chromaticity coordinates should be measured for the White, Red, Green and Blue Raster(gray scale level L63) each with a photometer.

(6) Response Time :

The response time (t_{ON} , t_{OFF}) is measured with a photo detector (photodiode) which measures the light intensity of the pixels.



*t*_{ON}: Turn on time is the time for a photo detector output waveform to go from its maximum value to 10% of its maximum.

*t*_{OFF}: Turn off time is the time for a photo detector output waveform to go from zero to 90% of its maximum.

Photodiode : S1223-01 HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS K.K.

White Display : White Raster (gray scale level L63)

Black Display : Black Raster (gray scale level L0)

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